



DC, 4 Hz to **8 MHz**
Measurement frequency

The new standard

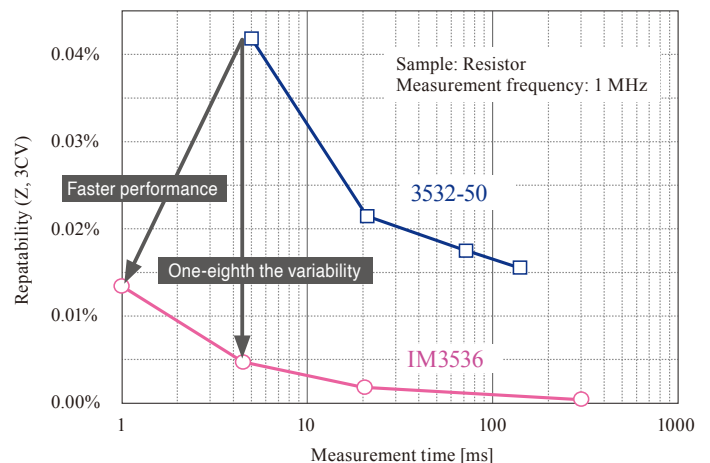
Introducing an LCR meter that brings exceptional specifications and cost performance to a wide range of applications, from R&D to production lines

Test fixtures and probes sold separately. Photograph depicts IM3536 used in combination with the SMD Test Fixture 9677.

One-eighth the precision variability and five times the measurement speed of legacy models means dramatically improved productivity.

High speed Stability

Repeatability and measurement time
(Comparison of IM3536 and 3532-50)



Raising the Bar for Basic Performance

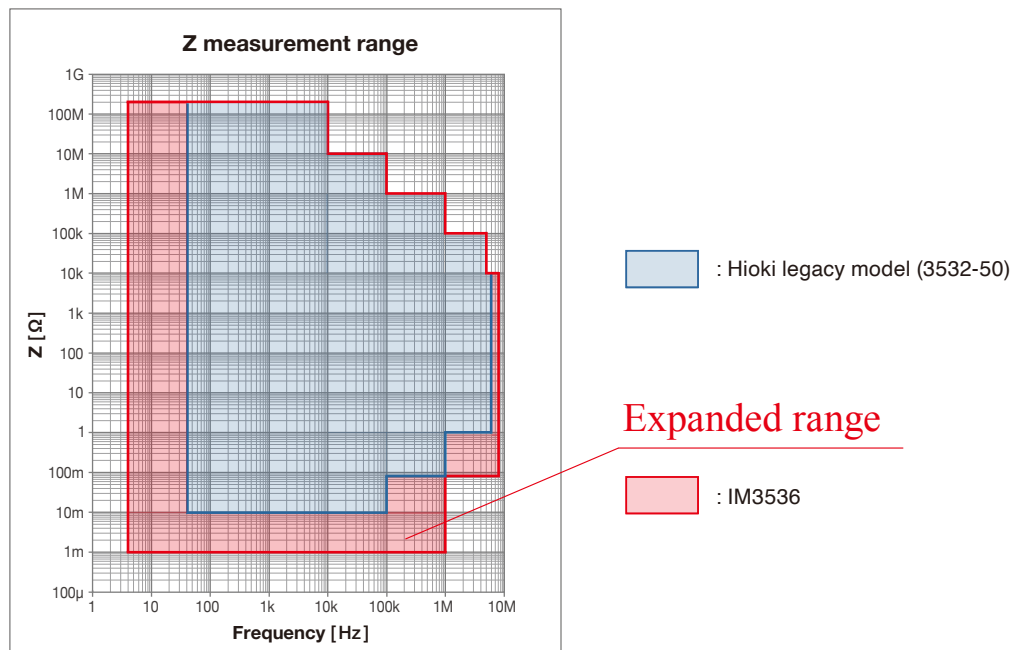
High accuracy $\pm 0.05\%$ rdg.

High speed 1 ms (fastest time)



Guaranteed accuracy range from 1 mΩ

The IM3536 delivers a guaranteed accuracy range that starts at 1 mΩ. Furthermore, the frequency band has been expanded to 8 MHz, broadening the array of measurement targets with which it can be used compared to legacy products.

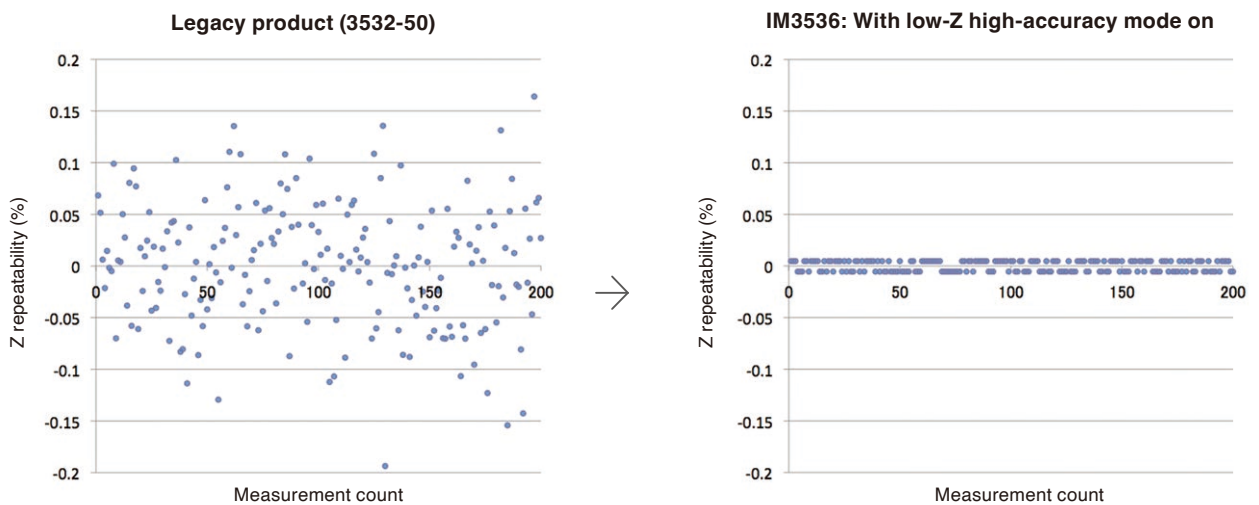


For more information about L and C measurable ranges, see page 14.



Low-impedance measurement with unmatched repeatability

The IM3536 delivers repeatability that is an order of magnitude better than that of previous products. This level of performance makes the instrument ideal for use in applications such as electrolytic capacitor low-ESR measurement and power supply coil impedance testing, the latter of which demands excellent frequency characteristics.



Graphs illustrate the results of measuring a resistance of 1 mΩ 200 times under the following conditions:

- Frequency: 1 kHz
- Measurement speed: FAST
- Measurement range: 100 mΩ



From measurement to analysis

Applications in development evaluation and research

Ideal for use in R&D work requiring a wide range of measurement conditions and for evaluation of devices under conditions of actual use

The IM3536 enables measurement conditions to be varied over a wide range, for example to analyze a coil's resonance point while varying the frequency or to perform measurement while changing the measurement signal during evaluation of a sample that exhibits signal dependency.

Variable frequency

DC, 4 Hz to 8 MHz

Variable voltage

10 mV to 5 V rms

(V mode/CV mode)

Variable current

10 μ A to 100 mA rms

(CC mode)

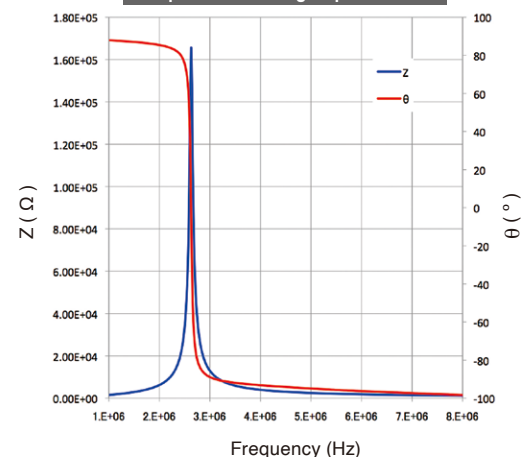
Example of measurement while varying the frequency from 1 MHz to 8 MHz



USB connection



Graph created using a spreadsheet



The IM3536 ships standard with application software that can save measurement data as an Excel file while sweeping through a range of frequencies pre-configured on a computer.

For more information, see page 5.

DC bias function: Measure under conditions simulating actual use or in accordance with industry standards

Internal DC bias (capacitor only)



A DC voltage can be superposed onto the measurement signal while measuring a capacitor.



The generated voltage can be varied from 0 V to 2.50 V DC (10 mV resolution).
(Low-Z high-accuracy mode: 0 V to 1 V)

External DC bias

(with support for L or C measurement, depending on the unit)



Requires a separate external DC bias power supply.

DC BIAS VOLTAGE UNIT 9268-10



Measurement frequency range: 40 Hz to 8 MHz
Maximum applied voltage: ±40 V DC

DC BIAS CURRENT UNIT 9269-10

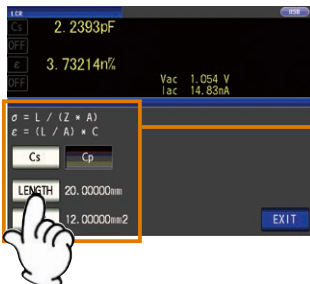


Measurement frequency range: 40 Hz to 2 MHz
Maximum applied current: 2 A DC

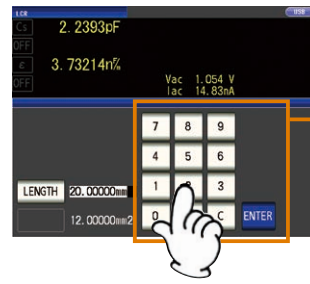
* An internal 300µH inductance is connected in parallel to the DUT.

Calculate conductivity and the dielectric constant

The conditions used to calculate conductivity and the dielectric constant can be set easily using the instrument's touch screen.



Enter the following parameters:
Conductor length (LENGTH)
Conductor cross-sectional area (AREA)

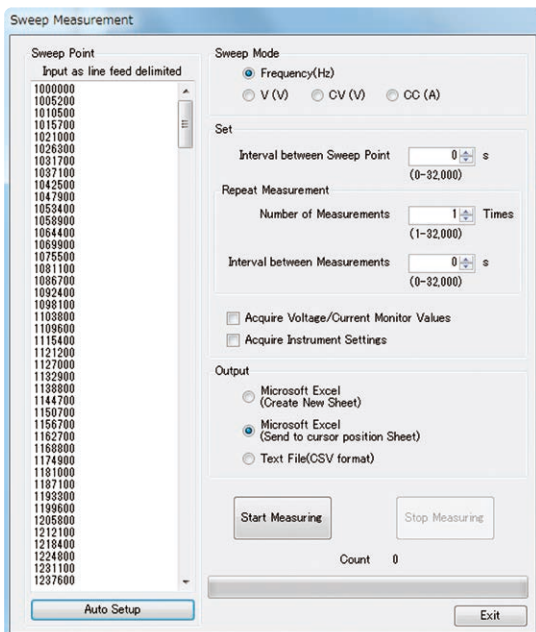


The instrument's touch keypad makes it easy to enter numbers.

Evaluate samples that exhibit signal dependence using free application software

The bundled application allows you to save measurement data from the LCR meter as a Microsoft Excel or text file (CSV format) using the instrument's USB, LAN, GP-IB, or RS-232C interface.

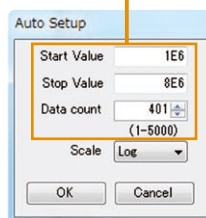
Standard accessory



- Frequency characteristics (measurement while varying the frequency)
- Voltage characteristics (measurement while varying the voltage)
- Current characteristics (measurement while varying the current)
- Time interval measurement (measurement at a specified time interval)
- Capture measured value when the RETURN key is pressed (one-off measurement)

Simple, automatic configuration of sweep points

Sweep points are generated automatically once you set the start value, end value, and number of intermediate data points.



Data saved in CSV format

	A	B	C	D	E
1	Frequency/AC Status	Z	PH		
2	1000000	0	1.54E+03	87.947	
3	1005200	0	1.55E+03	87.919	
4	1010500	0	1.56E+03	87.932	
5	1015700	0	1.57E+03	87.901	
6	1021000	0	1.58E+03	87.897	
7	1026300	0	1.59E+03	87.895	
8	1031700	0	1.61E+03	87.882	
9	1037100	0	1.62E+03	87.871	
10	1042500	0	1.63E+03	87.87	
11	1047900	0	1.64E+03	87.859	
12	1053400	0	1.65E+03	87.85	
13	1058900	0	1.66E+03	87.841	
14	1064400	0	1.68E+03	87.833	
15	1069900	0	1.69E+03	87.82	
16	1075500	0	1.70E+03	87.814	
17	1081100	0	1.71E+03	87.806	
18	1086700	0	1.73E+03	87.798	
19	1092400	0	1.74E+03	87.785	
20	1098100	0	1.75E+03	87.774	
21	1103800	0	1.76E+03	87.759	

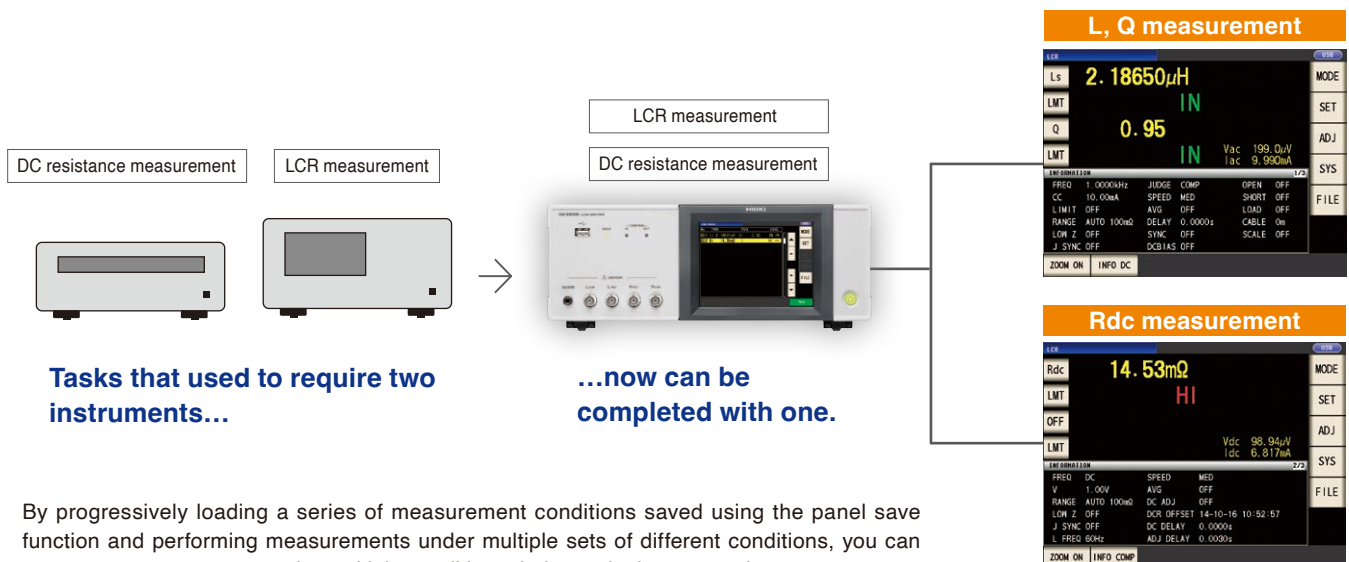


Simplifying the process of building production lines Increase convenience and efficiency

Perform two jobs with one instrument to save space and speed up the process of building a system

Continuous measurement function

Suppose you wish to test power supply inductance L-Q at 1 kHz plus DC resistance (Rdc). The IM3536 steps up by delivering high-speed, continuous measurement of different conditions with a single instrument.



By progressively loading a series of measurement conditions saved using the panel save function and performing measurements under multiple sets of different conditions, you can now test one component under multiple conditions during a single test session.

Display saved panels as a list and load them quickly

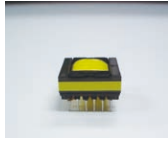
Panel save and load functions

Save and load measurement conditions and compensation values.

Ensure reliable application of settings during setup changes

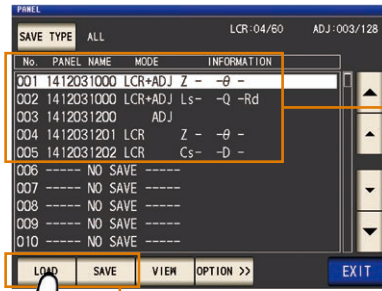
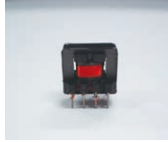
Target A: Measurement conditions and judgment standards

- Measurement parameters: Ls, Q, Rdc
- Measurement frequency: 1 kHz
- Constant current: 1 mA



Target B: Measurement conditions and judgment standards

- Measurement parameters: Z, θ
- Measurement frequency: 1.5 kHz
- Constant current: 0.5 mA



Easy-to-view list display
Filename
Measurement parameter name



Load or save using the touch screen keys

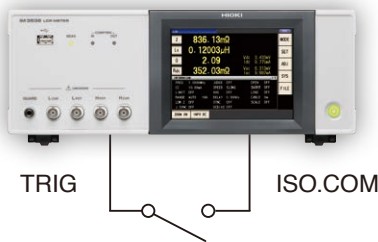
Analyze the data you need on a computer quickly and easily

Memory function and USB flash drive support



Save 32000 measurement results, copy them to a USB flash drive, and load them onto a computer. You can then open the measurement data using a spreadsheet to analyze variations and manage test data.

Even if both hands are full



Select [External trigger] as the trigger setting and then control instrument operations such as measurement and saving of data from an external device such as a foot switch via the EXT. I/O terminal's TRIG signal.


Measure and save multiple test results

Measure the test target.

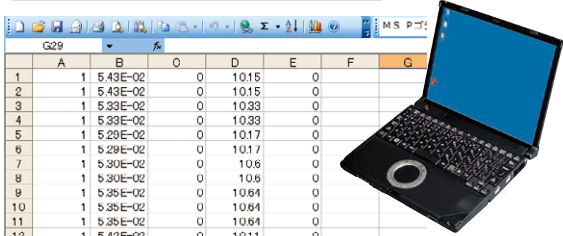
Save the results to the instrument's internal memory.

Number of tests: n

Copy the saved data to a USB flash drive.



Load the data onto a computer.



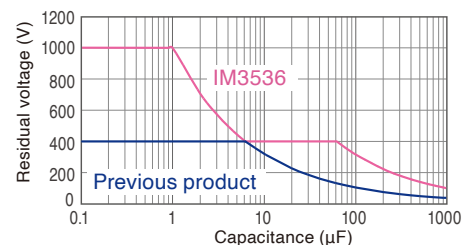
Analysis using a spreadsheet

Improved protective functionality to reduce maintenance downtime

Residual charge protection function

The IM3536 features an enhanced residual charge protection function that is designed to protect the instrument's internal circuitry from a capacitor discharge voltage in the event a charged capacitor is inadvertently connected to a measurement terminal.

Relationship between the capacitance from which LCR meters can be protected and residual voltage values



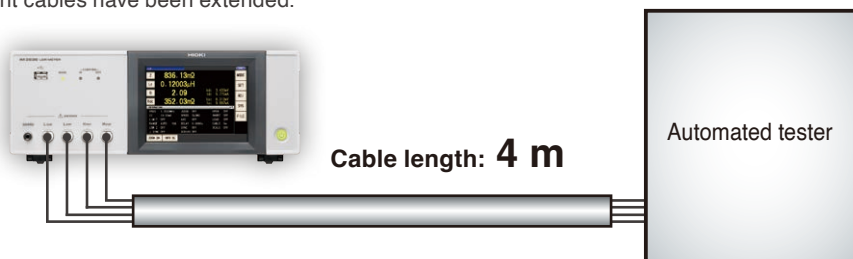


Functionality supporting more accurate measurement Delivering reliability for production-line testing

Compensate for anticipated errors

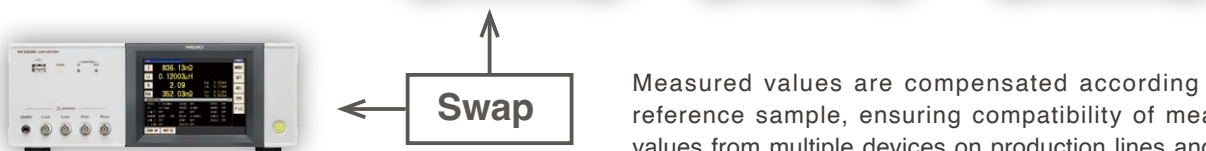
Cable length compensation

Select from cable length settings of 0 m, 1 m, 2 m, and 4 m, guaranteeing accuracy even when measurement cables have been extended.



Load compensation

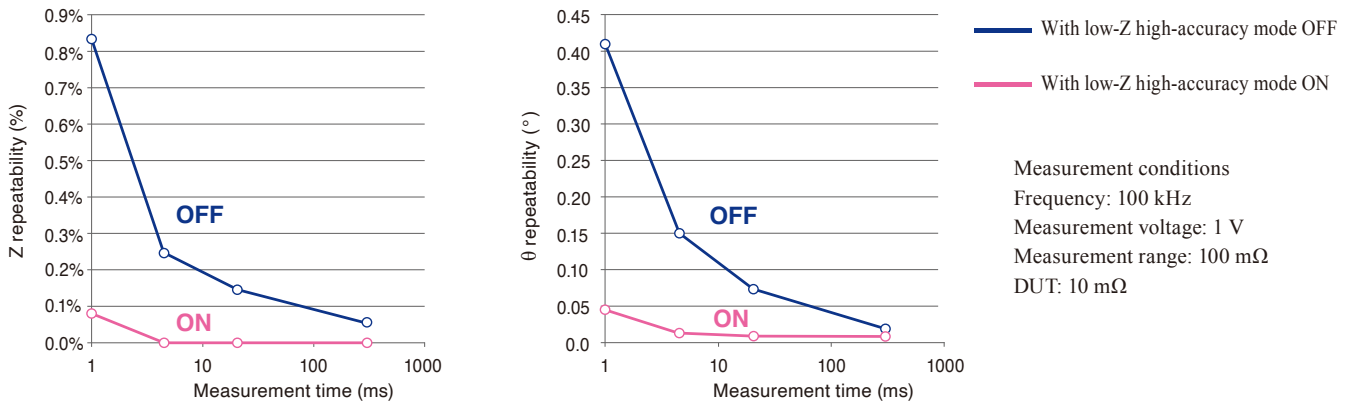
Up to five sets of compensation conditions can be saved.



Measured values are compensated according to the reference sample, ensuring compatibility of measured values from multiple devices on production lines and when swapping out devices, for example when a unit needs to be calibrated.

Low-Z high-accuracy mode for increasing the maximum applied current

When using low-Z high-accuracy mode, the output resistance changes to 10 Ω, allowing more current to flow to the sample being measured so that high-precision measurement is guaranteed.

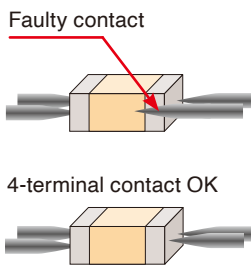


Low-Z high-accuracy mode can be used with the 100 mΩ, 1 Ω, and 10 Ω ranges.

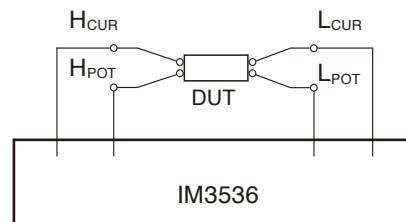
This mode is especially effective when performing low-inductance L measurement of power supplies and ESR measurement of aluminum electrolytic capacitors.

Contact check function

Detect faulty contact with the sample during four-terminal measurement.



The contact check function measures the contact resistance between L_{POT} and L_{CUR} and between H_{POT} and H_{CUR} and displays an error if the readings are greater than or equal to a preset threshold.



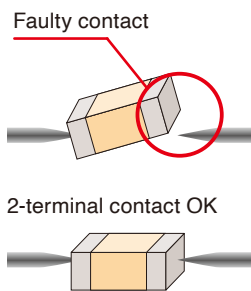
Set threshold values

Contact resistance
Approx. 1,000 Ω
Approx. 500 Ω
Approx. 100 Ω
Approx. 50 Ω
Approx. 20 Ω

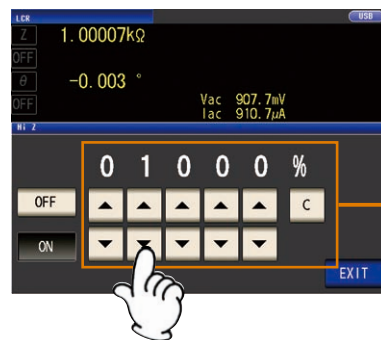
H_{CUR} terminal: Current generation terminal
 H_{POT} terminal: HI voltage detection terminal
 L_{POT} terminal: LO voltage detection terminal
 L_{CUR} terminal: Current detection terminal

Hi-Z reject function

Detect contact errors during two-terminal measurement.



The Hi-Z reject function outputs an error if the measurement result exceeds a preset judgment standard. This capability enables the instrument to detect poor contact when performing measurement using a two-terminal fixture.

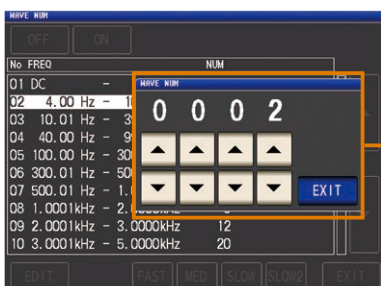


The judgment standard is calculated based on the measurement range and judgment reference value (valid setting range: 0% to 30,000%).

The instrument's touch keypad makes it easy to enter judgment reference values.

Improve measurement precision with the waveform averaging function

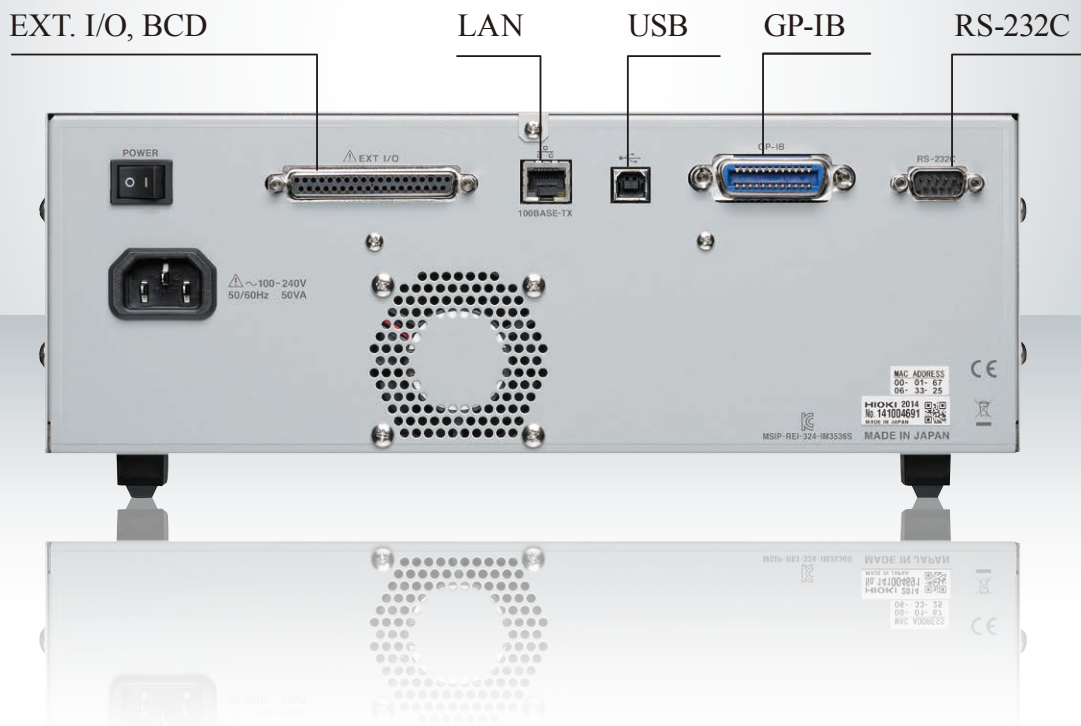
The IM3536's waveform averaging function lets you set the number of measured waveforms for each frequency band determined by the measurement speed setting (FAST, MED, SLOW, SLOW2).



Number of waveforms → Many (increased measurement precision)

Normal (FAST, MED, SLOW, SLOW2) number of waveforms

Number of waveforms → Few (higher measurement speed)

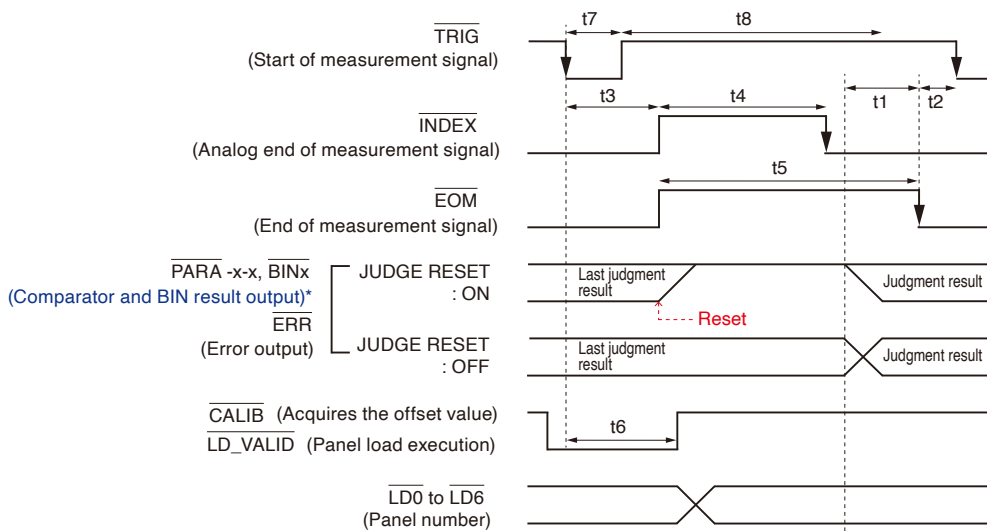


Access an extensive range of interfaces in all model variants

EXT. I/O

EXT. I/O allows you to output the measurement complete signal and judgment results signal and to control the instrument by inputting signals such as a measurement trigger signal. All signal lines are isolated from the instrument's measurement and control circuitry for maximum noise resistance.

■ Example of EXT I/O timing (LCR mode)



*: PARAx-HI, PARAx-IN, PARAx-LO, AND, BINx, OUT_OF_BINS

- t1: From Comparator, BIN Judgement Result to $\overline{\text{EOM}}$ (LO): Setting value for delay time ^{*1} (Settable range: 0.0000 s to 0.9999 s); 40 μs
t2: From $\overline{\text{EOM}}$ width (LO) to TRIG (LO): Minimum time from end of measurement to next trigger ^{*2}; 400 μs
t3: From TRIG (LO) to INDEX (HI): Time from trigger to circuit response ^{*3}; 400 μs
t4: INDEX width (HI): Analog measurement time (=Minimum chuck time), switching chuck with INDEX (LO) is possible ^{*4}; 1 ms
t5: EOM width (HI): Measurement time ^{*4}; 1.5 ms
t6: From TRIG width (LO) to LD-VALID (HI), CALIB (HI): Time to panel load execution and DC adjustment request signal detection: at least t_3
t7: Trigger pulse width (LO time); At least 100 μs
t8: Trigger off (HI time); At least 100 μs

^{*1}. There is an approximate error of 100 μs in the delay time entered for Judgement Result \leftrightarrow EOM for the setting value.

t1 is the reference value for when the setting value is 0.0000 s.

^{*2}. t2 is the reference value for when trigger input for during measurement is disabled.

^{*3}. Additional time is required when loading panel numbers using the panel load function.

^{*4}. Reference value for Measurement frequency: 1 kHz, Measurement speed: FAST, Range: HOLD

■ EXT. I/O signal list

● Input signals

TRIG	: External trigger
LD0 to LD6	: Select panel number
LD_VALID	: Execute panel load
C1	: During BCD output, toggle between high-order and low-order digits
C2	: During BCD output, toggle between the No. 1 and No. 3 parameters
CALIB	: DC adjustment request

● Output signals

EOM	: End of measurement
INDEX	: End of capture
ERR	: Measurement error output
ISO_5V	: Isolated 5V power output
ISO_COM	: Isolated common signal ground

● Output signals (common signal line)

PARAx-HI, PARAx-IN, PARAx-LO (x=1,3), AND	: Comparator judgment result output
BIN1 to BIN10, OUT_OF_BINS	: BIN judgment result output
D1-0 to D1-3 D2-0 to D2-3 D3-0 to D3-3 D4-0 to D4-3	: BCD output signal

■ Electrical specifications

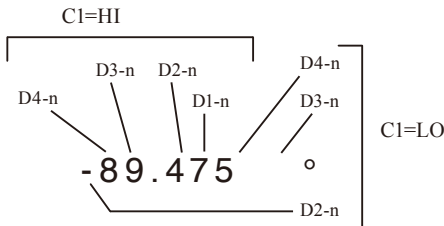
Input signals	Input type	Optocoupler-isolated, non-voltage contact inputs (current sink, active-low)
	Input asserted (on) voltage	0.9 V or less
	Input de-asserted (off) voltage	OPEN or 5 V to 24 V
	Input asserted (on) current	3 mA/ch
	Maximum applied voltage	30 V
Output signals	Output type	Isolated NPN open-collector outputs (current sink, active-low)
	Maximum load voltage	30V
	Maximum output current	50 mA/ch
	Residual voltage	1 V (10 mA), 1.5 V (50 mA)
Internally isolated power supply	Output voltage	4.5 V to 5.0 V
	Maximum output current	100 mA
	External power input	none

BCD

LCR mode output signals operate in two modes: judgment mode and BCD mode. In BCD mode, measured values for the No. 1 parameter and the No. 3 parameter are output using the BCD signals. *LCR mode only

The BCD high-order digit and low-order digit (polarity and ERR information) can be switched with the C1 signal.

C1	D4	D3	D2	D1
HI (high-order)	No. 6 digit data	No. 5 digit data	No. 4 digit data	No. 3 digit data
LO (low-order)	No. 2 digit data	No. 1 digit data	Polarity	ERR



Interfaces

Control the instrument with communication commands from a computer via the USB, LAN, GP-IB, or RS-232C interfaces.

USB

Connector	USB Type B receptacle
Electrical specifications	USB2.0 (High Speed)

LAN

Connector	RJ-45 connector
Transmission method	10Base-T/100Base-T automatic detection
Protocol	TCP/IP

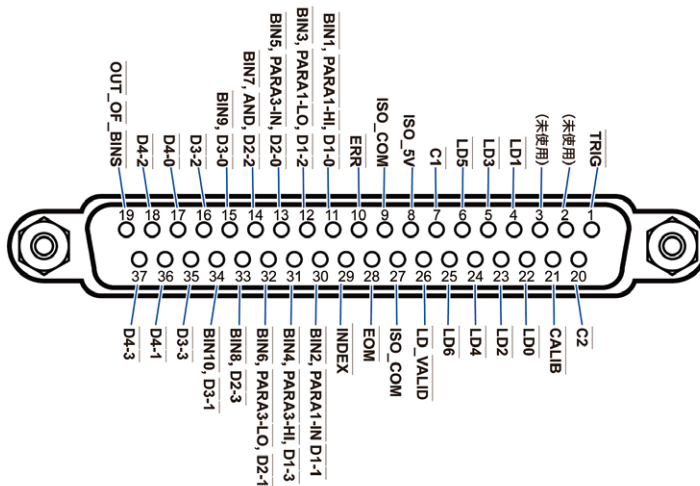
GP-IB

Connector	24-pin Centronics type connector
Standard	IEEE-488.1 1987
Reference standard	IEEE-488.2 1987
Terminator	LF, CR+LF

RS-232C

Connector	D-sub 9-pin connector
Flow control	Hardware/Software
Transmission speed	9600 bps, 19200 bps, 38400 bps, 57600 bps

■ IM3536 connector signal assignment (LCR mode operation)



Signal assignment is different during continuous measurement mode. Signal logic is 0 V to 0.9 V for LO level and 5 V to 24 V for HI level.

■ Connectors

Connectors to use (unit side) : 37-pin D- sub female connector with #4-40 inch screws
 Compliant connectors : DC-37P-ULR (solder type) and DCSP-JB37PR (pressure weld type)
 For information on where to obtain connectors, consult your nearest HIOKI distributor.

Measurement parameters and measurement conditions

Measurement parameters	Z	Impedance	Rs	Equivalent series resistance (ESR)
	Y	Admittance	Rp	Equivalent parallel resistance
	θ	Phase angle	Ls	Equivalent series inductance
	X	Reactance	Lp	Equivalent parallel inductance
	G	Conductance	Cs	Equivalent series capacitance
	B	Susceptance	Cp	Equivalent parallel capacitance
	Q	Q-factor	D	Loss factor $\tan \delta$
	Rdc	DC resistance	σ	Conductivity
			ϵ	Permittivity
Display range	Z	0.00 m to 9.99999 G Ω	Rs	$\pm(0.00 \text{ m to } 9.99999 \text{ G}\Omega)$
	Y	0.000 n to 9.99999 GS	Rp	$\pm(0.00 \text{ m to } 9.99999 \text{ G}\Omega)$
	θ	$\pm(0.000^\circ \text{ to } 180.000^\circ)$	Ls	$\pm(0.00000 \mu \text{ to } 9.99999 \text{ GH})$
	X	$\pm(0.00 \text{ m to } 9.99999 \text{ G}\Omega)$	Lp	$\pm(0.00000 \mu \text{ to } 9.99999 \text{ GH})$
	G	$\pm(0.000 \text{ n to } 9.99999 \text{ GS})$	Cs	$\pm(0.0000 \text{ p to } 9.99999 \text{ GF})$
	B	$\pm(0.000 \text{ n to } 9.99999 \text{ GS})$	Cp	$\pm(0.0000 \text{ p to } 9.99999 \text{ GF})$
	Q	$\pm(0.00 \text{ to } 9999.99)$	D	$\pm(0.00000 \text{ to } 9.99999)$
	Rdc	$\pm(0.00 \text{ m to } 9.99999 \text{ G}\Omega)$	$\Delta\%$	$\pm(0.000\% \text{ to } 999.999\%)$
			σ	$\pm(0.00000 \text{ to } 999.999 \text{ G})$
			ϵ	$\pm(0.00000 \text{ to } 999.999 \text{ G})$
Measurable range	1 m Ω to 200 M Ω			
Output impedance	Normal mode: 100 Ω , Low impedance high accuracy mode: 10 Ω			
Measurement frequency	Range	4 Hz to 8 MHz		
	Resolution	4.00 Hz to 999.99 Hz 10 mHz steps 1.0000 kHz to 9.9999 kHz 100 mHz steps 10.000 kHz to 99.999 kHz 1 Hz steps 100.00 kHz to 999.99 kHz 10 Hz steps 1.0000 MHz to 8.0000 MHz 100 Hz steps		
	Accuracy	$\pm 0.01\%$ of setting or less		
Measurement signal level [V mode] [CV mode]	Range	[Normal mode] 4 Hz to 1.0000 MHz: 10 mV to 5 V rms (maximum 50 mA) 1.0001 MHz to 8 MHz: 10 mV to 1 V rms (maximum 10mA) [Low impedance high accuracy mode] 4 Hz to 1.0000 MHz: 10 mV to 1 V rms (maximum 100 mA)		
	Resolution	10 mV rms to 1.000 V rms 1 mV rms steps 1.01 V rms to 5 V rms 10 mV rms steps		
Measurement signal level [CC mode]	Range	[Normal mode] 4 Hz to 1.0000 MHz: 10 μ A to 50 mA rms (maximum 5 V) 1.0001 MHz to 8 MHz: 10 μ A to 10 mA rms (maximum 1 V) [Low impedance high accuracy mode] 4 Hz to 1.0000 MHz: 10 μ A to 100 mA rms (maximum 1 V)		
	Resolution	10 μ A rms steps		
Monitor function	Monitor voltage range: 0.000 V to 5.000 V rms Monitor current range: 0.000 mA to 100.0 mA rms			
DC resistance measurement	Measurement signal level: Fixed at 1 V			
DC bias measurement	Generating range: DC voltage 0 V to 2.50 V (10mV resolution) In low Z high accuracy mode: 0 V to 1 V (10 mV resolution)			

Measurement modes

Measurement modes	LCR mode: Measurement using a single set of conditions. Continuous measurement mode: Continuous measurement using previously saved conditions
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LCR mode

Measurements	Bin measurement: 10 categories for 2 measurement parameters Judgment method: Set as absolute values, percentage, or deviation percentage
	Comparator measurement: Hi, IN, and Lo judgments for 2 parameters Judgment method: Set as absolute values, percentage, or deviation percentage
Display	Zoom display function: Enlarged display of measured values Number of display digits setting: Allows you to set the number of display digits for measured values for each measurement parameter. (Valid setting range: 3 to 6 digits)

Continuous measurement mode

Measurements	Performs continuous measurement using measurement conditions that have been saved using the panel save function. Measurement is started by an external trigger (any of the three types described below)
Maximum number of measurements	60

Speed and accuracy

Measurement speed	FAST/MED/SLOW/SLOW2
Averaging	Valid setting range: 1 to 256 (in steps of 1)
Basic accuracy	Z: $\pm 0.05\%$ rdg. θ : $\pm 0.03^\circ$ (representative value)
Guaranteed accuracy range	1 m Ω to 200 M Ω (impedance)
Guaranteed accuracy period	1 year
Warm-up time	60 minutes
Terminal structure	4-terminal structure

Supplementary functionality

Trigger function	Uses a specific signal to time the start of measurement. [Trigger types] Internal trigger: Automatically generates a trigger signal internally to repeat measurement. External trigger: Allows you to control the instrument's measurement operation by inputting a trigger signal from an external device (trigger sources: manual, communications commands, EXT. I/O).
	[Trigger delay] Sets the delay time from trigger input to measurement. Setting range: 0.0000 s to 9.9999 s [Trigger synchronous output] Outputs the measurement signal after trigger input and applies it to the sample during measurement only. Allows you to set a wait time until data is acquired. Setting range: 0.0000 s to 9.9999 s
Compensation function	[Open/short compensation] [Load compensation] Number of sets of compensation conditions: Up to 5 [Cable length compensation] Cable length settings: 0 m, 1 m, 2 m, 4 m [Correlation compensation] Compensation of display values based on user-input compensation coefficient
Contact check	[4-terminal contact check] Performs a contact (disconnection) check between H_{CUR} and H_{POT} and between L_{CUR} and L_{POT} . [High-Z reject function] Detection of OPEN state during 2-terminal measurement.

Recording and interface

Memory function	Measurement result items (maximum 32000 items) can be saved to the instrument. Memory can be read using communications commands or a USB flash drive.
Panel save and load functions	Measurement conditions: Up to 60 Compensation values: Up to 128
Interfaces	EXT. I/O (HANDLER), USB, USB flash drive, LAN, GP-IB, RS-232C
BCD output	[Output from EXT. I/O connector] Generates BCD output for the No.1 and No.3 parameter measured values. *Input and output signals are set to BCD mode (selection with judgment output).

Display and sound

Key lock function	Lock operation of the instrument using the touch screen. Unlock by entering a passcode.
Beep tone	Enable or disable for judgment results and key operation.
Display settings	LCD display on/off Off: The display turns off 10 sec. after the touch panel is last touched.
Display	5.7-inch color TFT with touch panel

Other

Operating temperature and humidity	0°C to 40°C (32°F to 104°F), 80% RH, non-condensing
Storage temperature and humidity	-10°C to 50°C (14°F to 122°F), 80% RH, non-condensing
Operating environment	Indoors, Pollution Degree 2, altitude up to 2000 m (6562-ft.)
Power supply and maximum rated power	100 V AC to 240 V AC (50/60 Hz), 50 VA
Dielectric strength	1.62 kV AC for 1 min. between power line and ground line
Standards compliance	EMC: EN 61326, EN 61000 Safety: EN 61010
Dimensions and Mass	Approx. 330 W \times 119 H \times 230 D mm (12.99 W \times 4.69 H \times 9.06 D in), approx. 4.2 kg (148.1 oz.)
Accessories	Power cord \times 1, Instruction manual \times 1, LCR application disc (Communications user manual) \times 1

Measurement accuracy

(Accuracy guaranteed for 1 year, Post-adjustment accuracy guaranteed for 1 year)

Measurement accuracy is calculated based on the following equation:

$$\text{Measurement accuracy} = \text{Basic accuracy} \times C \times D \times E \times F \times G$$

[C: Level coefficient] V: Setting value (corresponds to when V mode) [V]

Measurement level	1 V		
Coefficient (DC resistance measurement)	1		
Measurement level	0.010 V to 0.999 V	1 V	1.001 V to 5 V
Coefficient (AC measurement)	1+0.2/V	1	1+0.2/V

[D: Measurement speed coefficient]

	Measurement speed	FAST	MED	SLOW	SLOW2
Coefficient	DC resistance measurement	4	3	2	1
	AC measurement	8	4	2	1

[E: Measurement cable length coefficient]

Coefficient	0 m	1 m	2 m	4 m
	1	1.5	2	3

Settable range for frequency

0 m: Up to 8 MHz, 1 m: 8 MHz, 2 m: Up to 2 MHz, 4 m: Up to 1MHz

[F: DC bias coefficient]

DC bias coefficient	OFF	ON
Coefficient	1	2

[G: Temperature coefficient]

Operating temperature	t [°C]
Coefficient	1+0.1× t-23

When the operating temperature (t) is 23°C±5°C, use a coefficient of 1.

Basic accuracy

Accuracy is calculated based on coefficients A and B from the basic accuracy chart shown below.

1 kΩ range or higher

100 Ω range or lower

$$\text{Basic accuracy} = \pm \left(A+B \times \left| \frac{10 \times Z_x}{\text{Range}} - 1 \right| \right) \quad \text{Basic accuracy} = \pm \left(A+B \times \left| \frac{\text{Range}}{Z_x} - 1 \right| \right)$$

Zx : Impedance of the measurement conductor

A: Noted in basic accuracy chart. (Upper value: Z accuracy [% rdg.]; lower value: θ accuracy [°])

B: Noted in basic accuracy chart. (Upper value: Z accuracy [% rdg.]; lower value: θ accuracy [°])

A is the accuracy of R when DC (± % rdg.)
B is the coefficient for the resistance of the sample

Conditions

Temperature and humidity ranges: 23°C ± 5°C, 80% RH or less (no condensation), at least 60 minutes after power ON, after performing open and short compensation



Free software for calculating accuracy

(LCR application disc)

Automatically calculate measurement accuracy based on user-entered measurement conditions and measurement results. Free download from the Hioki website.

Basic accuracy

Range	Guaranteed accuracy rang	DC	4Hz to 99.99Hz	100Hz to 999.99Hz	1kHz to 10kHz	10.001kHz to 100kHz	100.01kHz to 1MHz	1.0001MHz to 8MHz
100MΩ	8MΩ to 200MΩ	A=1 B=1	A=6 B=5 A=5 B=3	A=3 B=2 A=2 B=2	A=3 B=2 A=2 B=2			
10MΩ	800kΩ to 10MΩ	A=0.5 B=0.3	A=0.8 B=1 A=0.8 B=0.5	A=0.5 B=0.3 A=0.4 B=0.2	A=0.5 B=0.3 A=0.4 B=0.2	A=2 B=1 A=2 B=1		
1MΩ	80kΩ to 1MΩ	A=0.2 B=0.1	A=0.4 B=0.08 A=0.3 B=0.08	A=0.3 B=0.05 A=0.2 B=0.02	A=0.3 B=0.05 A=0.2 B=0.02	A=0.5 B=0.1 A=0.6 B=0.1	A=3 B=0.5 A=3 B=0.5	
100kΩ	8kΩ to 100kΩ	A=0.1 B=0.01	A=0.3 B=0.03 A=0.2 B=0.02	A=0.2 B=0.03 A=0.1 B=0.02	A=0.2 B=0.03 A=0.1 B=0.02	A=0.25 B=0.04 A=0.2 B=0.02	A=1 B=0.3 A=1 B=0.3	A=2 B=0.5 A=2 B=0.3
10kΩ	800Ω to 10kΩ	A=0.1 B=0.01	A=0.3 B=0.03 A=0.3 B=0.01	A=0.2 B=0.02 A=0.1 B=0.02	A=0.05 B=0.02 A=0.03 B=0.02	A=0.3 B=0.02 A=0.2 B=0.02	A=0.5 B=0.05 A=0.5 B=0.05	A=2 B=0.5 A=1.5 B=0.3
1kΩ	80Ω to 1kΩ	A=0.1 B=0.01	A=0.3 B=0.02 A=0.2 B=0.02	A=0.2 B=0.02 A=0.1 B=0.02	A=0.2 B=0.02 A=0.1 B=0.02	A=0.2 B=0.02 A=0.15 B=0.02	A=0.4 B=0.02 A=0.4 B=0.02	A=1.5 B=0.2 A=1.5 B=0.2
100Ω	8Ω to 100Ω	A=0.1 B=0.02	A=0.3 B=0.02 A=0.2 B=0.01	A=0.2 B=0.02 A=0.15 B=0.01	A=0.2 B=0.02 A=0.1 B=0.01	A=0.2 B=0.02 A=0.15 B=0.02	A=0.5 B=0.03 A=0.5 B=0.03	A=1.5 B=0.2 A=1.5 B=0.2
10Ω	800mΩ to 10Ω	A=0.2 B=0.15	A=0.5 B=0.1 A=0.3 B=0.1	A=0.4 B=0.05 A=0.3 B=0.03	A=0.4 B=0.05 A=0.3 B=0.03	A=0.4 B=0.05 A=0.3 B=0.03	A=0.8 B=0.1 A=0.5 B=0.05	A=2 B=1.5 A=2 B=1
1Ω	80mΩ to 1Ω	A=0.3 B=0.3	A=1.5 B=1 A=0.8 B=0.5	A=1 B=0.3 A=0.5 B=0.2	A=1 B=0.3 A=0.5 B=0.2	A=1 B=0.3 A=0.5 B=0.2	A=1.5 B=1 A=0.7 B=0.5	A=3 B=3 A=3 B=2
100mΩ	1mΩ to 100mΩ	A=1 B=1	A=8 B=8 A=5 B=4	A=5 B=4 A=3 B=2	A=3 B=2 A=2 B=1.5	A=2 B=2 A=2 B=1.5	A=4 B=3 A=3 B=4	

● Method of determining basic accuracy

- Calculate the basic accuracy from the sample impedance, measurement range, and measurement frequency and the corresponding basic accuracy A and coefficient B from the table above.
- The calculation expression to use differs for each of the 1 kΩ range and above and 100 Ω range and below.
- For C and L, obtain basic accuracy A and coefficient B by determining the measurement range from the actual measurement value of impedance or the approximate impedance value calculated with the following expression.

$$Z_x (\Omega) \approx \omega L (H) \quad (\theta \approx 90^\circ)$$

$$\approx \frac{1}{\omega C (F)} \quad (\theta \approx -90^\circ)$$

$$\approx R (\Omega) \quad (\theta \approx 0^\circ) \quad (\omega: 2 \times \pi \times \text{Measurement frequency [Hz]})$$

● Calculation example

Impedance Zx of sample: 500 Ω (actual measurement value)

Measurement conditions: When frequency 10 kHz and range 1 kΩ

Insert coefficient A = 0.2 and coefficient B = 0.02 for the Z basic accuracy from the table above into the expression.

$$Z \text{ basic accuracy} = 0.2 + 0.02 \times \left| \frac{10 \times 500}{10^3} - 1 \right| = 0.28 (\pm \% \text{rdg.})$$

Similarly, insert coefficient A = 0.1 and coefficient B = 0.02 for the θ basic accuracy, as follows:

$$\theta \text{ basic accuracy} = 0.1 + 0.02 \times \left| \frac{10 \times 500}{10^3} - 1 \right| = 0.18 (\pm \text{deg.})$$

Guaranteed accuracy measurement level range

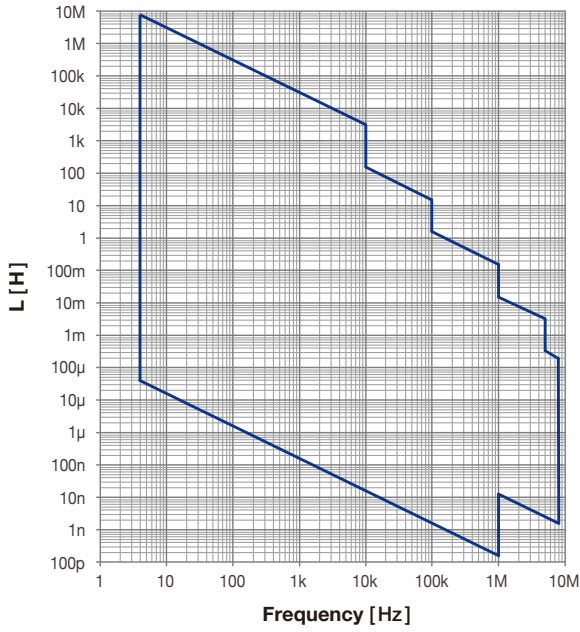
The range of measurement levels for which accuracy is guaranteed varies with the setting conditions.

Range	Sample's impedance	DC	4 Hz to 99.99 Hz	100 Hz to 999.99 Hz	1 kHz to 10 kHz	10.001 Hz to 100 kHz	100.01 kHz to 1 MHz	1.0001 MHz to 5 MHz	5.0001 MHz to 8 MHz																																																																																									
100 MΩ	8 MΩ to 200 MΩ	1V (fixed)																																																																																																
10 MΩ	10 MΩ to 100 MΩ									0.101 V to 5 V																																																																																								
	800 kΩ to 10 MΩ																	0.501 V to 5 V																																																																																
1 MΩ	1 MΩ to 10 MΩ																								0.050 V to 5 V																																																																									
	80 kΩ to 1 MΩ																																0.101 V to 5 V																																																																	
100 kΩ	100 kΩ to 1 MΩ																																							0.010 V to 5 V																																																										
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100 mΩ	1 mΩ to 100 mΩ	0.501 V to 5 V																																																																																																

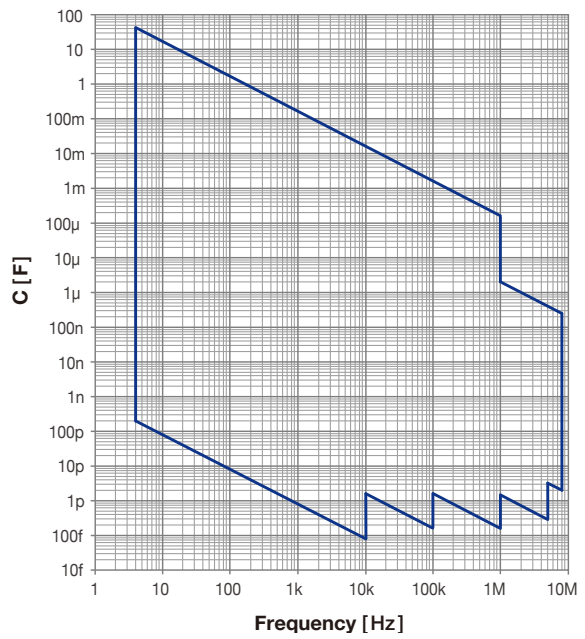
The guaranteed accuracy range during DC bias operation is 10 mΩ or greater. The accuracy for DC resistance (Rdc) measurement is guaranteed only when offset values are acquired. The guaranteed accuracy range varies with the sample's impedance.

Measurable ranges

L measurement range



C measurement range



Model : LCR METER IM3536

Model No. (Order Code) (Note)

IM3536

Accessories: Power cord ×1, Instruction manual ×1, LCR application disc (Communications user manual) ×1

This product is not supplied with measurement probes or test fixtures. Please select and purchase the measurement probe or test fixture options appropriate for your application separately. All probes are constructed with a 1.5D-2V coaxial cable. For an RS-232C connection: A crossover cable for interconnection can be used. You can use the RS-232C CABLE 9637 without hardware flow control.



Free software for calculating accuracy (LCR application disc)

Automatically calculate measurement accuracy based on user-entered measurement conditions and measurement results. Free download from the Hioki website.

Options

RS-232C CABLE 9637



For the PC, 9pin - 9pin, cross,
1.8m (5.91 ft) length

GP-IB CONNECTOR CABLE 9151-02



2 m (6.56 ft) length

DC BIAS VOLTAGE UNIT 9268-10



Measurement frequency range: 40 Hz to 8 MHz
Maximum applied voltage: ±40 V DC

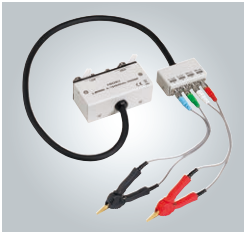
DC BIAS CURRENT UNIT 9269-10



Measurement frequency range: 40 Hz to 2 MHz
Maximum applied current: 2 A DC
* An internal 300μH inductance is connected in parallel to the DUT.

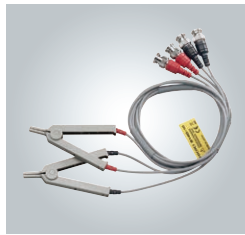
Probes and Test Fixtures for Lead Components

4-TERMINAL PROBE L2000



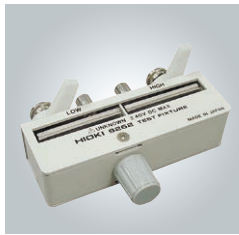
Measurable range: DC to 8 MHz
 Measurable terminal diameter:
 0.3 mm (0.01 in) to 5 mm (0.2 in)
 Cord length: 1 m (3.28 ft)

4-TERMINAL PROBE 9140-10



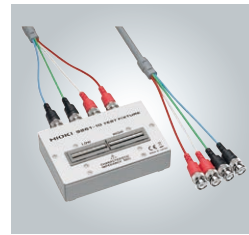
Measurable range: DC to 200 kHz
 Measurable terminal diameter:
 0.3 mm (0.01 in) to 5 mm (0.2 in)
 Cord length: 1 m (3.28 ft)

TEST FIXTURE 9262



Measurable range: DC to 8 MHz
 Measurable terminal diameter:
 0.3 mm (0.01 in) to 2 mm (0.08 in)
 Direct connection type

TEST FIXTURE 9261-10



Measurable range: DC to 8 MHz
 Measurable terminal diameter:
 0.3 mm (0.01 in) to 1.5 mm (0.06 in)
 Cord length: 1 m (3.28 ft)

Test Fixtures for SMDs

4-TERMINAL PROBE 9500-10



Measurable range: DC to 200 kHz
 Measurable terminal diameter:
 0.3 mm (0.01 in) to 2 mm (0.08 in)
 Cord length: 1 m (3.28 ft)

SMD TEST FIXTURE 9263



Measurable range: DC to 8 MHz
 For SMD with electrodes on side
 Measurable sample sizes:
 0805 to 2220 (EIA)
 2012 to 5750 (JIS)
 Direct connection type

SMD TEST FIXTURE 9699



Measurable range: DC to 120 MHz
 For SMD with electrodes on bottom
 Measurable sample sizes:
 0608 to 0805 (EIA)
 1608 to 2012 (JIS)
 Direct connection type

SMD TEST FIXTURE 9677



Measurable range: DC to 120 MHz
 For SMD with electrodes on side
 Measurable sample sizes:
 0402 to 0603 (EIA)
 1005 to 1608 (JIS)
 Direct connection type

SMD TEST FIXTURE IM9110*



Measurable range: DC to 1 MHz
 For SMD with electrodes on side
 Measurable sample sizes:
 008004 (EIA), 0201 (JIS)
 Please contact Hioki for information
 about other sizes.
 Direct connection type

SMD TEST FIXTURE IM9100*



Measurable range: DC to 8 MHz
 For SMD with electrodes on bottom
 Measurable sample sizes:
 01005 to 0402 (EIA)
 0402 to 1005 (JIS)
 Direct connection type

PINCHER PROBE L2001*



Measurable range: DC to 8 MHz
 Replaceable tips
 Measurable sample sizes:
 IM9901: 0603 to 2220 (EIA)
 1608 to 5750 (JIS)
 IM9902: 0201 to 2220 (EIA)
 0603 to 5750 (JIS)
 Cord length: Approx. 730 mm (28.74 in)
 *Ships standard with one set of IM9901

Options for L2001 Replaceable contact tips

CONTACT TIPS IM9901












CONTACT TIPS IM9902



*For more information, please see individual product catalogs.

LCR Meter Series Full Product Lineup

Model (Order Code)	Measurement speed (Basic value)	Measurement frequency range									
		Applications and measurement object									
LCR METER IM3536	 1ms	DC	4Hz								8MHz
		General-purpose LCR meter up to 8 MHz Measure electronic components such as capacitors and inductors									
LCR METER IM3533	 2ms	DC	1MHz							200kHz	
		Capable of special measurements of transformers including turn ratio and mutual inductance IM3533-01: High-end model of the IM3523 and IM3533 with sweep measurement									
LCR METER IM3523	 2ms	DC	40Hz							200kHz	
		Extremely cost-effective model suitable for production lines including integration into automated machinery For C-D and ESR measurement of electrolytic capacitors and L-Q and Rdc measurement of inductors									
LCR HiTESTER 3511-50	 5ms			120Hz	1kHz						
		Compact LCR meter with single function For production lines of aluminum electrolytic capacitors									
C METER 3506-10	 1.5ms				1kHz					1MHz	
		C meter for low-capacity capacitors For production of MLCC and film capacitors									
C HiTESTER 3504	 2ms			120Hz	1kHz						
		C meter for large-capacity MLCCs For sorting machines of large-capacity MLCCs (3504-50/60) and taping machines (3504-40)									
IMPEDANCE ANALYZER IM7580A	 0.5ms									1MHz	300MHz
		High-frequency measurement up to 300 MHz Ideal for production lines of ferrite beads and inductors									
IMPEDANCE ANALYZER IM3570	 0.5ms	DC	4Hz							5MHz	
		LCR meter integrated with impedance analyzer Measure the frequency characteristics of piezo-electric devices, functional polymer capacitors, and power inductors									
CHEMICAL IMPEDANCE ANALYZER IM3590	 2ms	DC	1MHz							200kHz	
		Supports LCR impedance measurements for Cole-Cole plots and equivalent-circuit analyses Measure electrochemical components, materials, batteries, and electric double-layer capacitors (EDLCs)									

Note: Company names and product names appearing in this brochure are trademarks or registered trademarks of various companies.

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